

Pediatric Cardiac Protocol Section

1



Pearls

- Recommended Exam: Mental Status, Skin, Neck, Lung, Heart, Abdomen, Back, Extremities, Neuro
- Monomorphic QRS:
 - All QRS complexes in a single lead are similar in shape.
- Polymorphic QRS:
 - **QRS** complexes in a single lead will change from complex to complex.
- Use length-based or weight-based pediatric resuscitation system for medication, equipment, cardioversion, and defibrillation guidance. Pediatric paddles should be used in children < 10 kg.
- Rhythm should be interpreted in the context of symptoms and pharmacological or electrical treatment given only when symptomatic, otherwise monitor and reassess.

• <u>12-Lead ECG:</u>

- 12-Lead ECG not necessary to diagnose and treat.
- Obtain when patient is stable and/or following rhythm conversion.
- When administering adenosine, obtaining a continuous 12-Lead can be helpful to physicians.
- <u>Unstable condition:</u> Condition which acutely impairs vital organ function and cardiac arrest may be imminent. If at any point patient becomes unstable move to unstable arm in algorithm
- Document all rhythm changes with monitor strips and obtain monitor strips with each therapeutic intervention.
- Serious Signs and Symptoms:
 - Respiratory distress / failure.
 - Signs of shock / poor perfusion with or without hypotension.
 - AMS

•

- Sudden collapse with rapid, weak pulse
- Serious Signs and Symptoms:
 - Respiratory distress / failure.
 - Signs of shock / poor perfusion with or without hypotension.
 - AMS
 - Sudden collapse with rapid, weak pulse
- Wide Complex Tachycardia (≥ 0.09 seconds):
 - SVT with aberrancy.
 - VT: Uncommon in children. Rates may vary from near normal to > 200 / minute. Most children with VT have underlying heart disease / cardiac surgery / long QT syndrome / cardiomyopathy.
 - Amiodarone 5 mg / kg over 20 60 minutes or Procainamide 15 mg / kg over 30 60 minutes IV / IO are recommended agents. They should not be administered together. Consultation with Medical Control is advised when these agents are considered.
- Torsades de Pointes / Polymorphic (multiple shaped) Tachycardia:
 - Rate is typically 150 to 250 beats / minute.
 - Associated with long QT syndrome, hypomagnesaemia, hypokalemia, many cardiac drugs.
 - May quickly deteriorate to VT.
 - Separating the child from the caregiver may worsen the child's clinical condition.
- Monitor for respiratory depression and hypotension associated if Diazepam, Lorazepam, or Midazolam is used.
- Continuous pulse oximetry is required for all SVT Patients if available.